Testing period: week commencing	<u>Tuesday 2</u> ™ January	<u>8* January</u>	<u>15. January</u>	<u>22<sup>nd</sup> January</u>	<u>29** January</u>	<u>5</u> ™ February
Round 1: Key words	occasion notice naughty natural	minute mention medicine material	library length learn	island knowledge important interest	4 mystery key words learnt this term	3 mystery spellings from each of the rules this term
Round 2: Spelling Rule	<u>Suffixes: -</u> <u>sure, -ture,</u> <u>and -er</u> treasure pleasure creature nature adventure	<u>Suffixes: -</u> <u>sion</u> invasion erosion vision persuasion explosion	<u>Suffixes: -ous</u> mountainous jealous glamorous curious spontaneous	<u>Suffixes: "-shun"</u> invention action completion expression discussion	<u>Suffixes: "-shun"</u> comprehension tension musician magician mathematician	
Round 3: Mystery Spellings Learn the rule. You will be tested on 5 more words which follow this week's rule.	The ending sounding like /3ə/ is always spelt - <b>sure</b> . The ending sounding like /tʃə/ is often spelt - <b>ture</b> , but check that the word is not a root word ending in <b>(t)ch</b> with an <b>er</b> ending.	If the ending sounds like /ʒən/, it is spelt as -sion. These nouns are often formed by verbs ending -de or - se.	Sometimes the root word is obvious and the usual rules apply for adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters. Sometimes there is no obvious root word. -our is changed to -or before -ous is added. A final 'e' of the root word must be kept if the /d <sub>3</sub> / sound of 'g' is to be kept. If there is an /i:/ sound before the -ous ending, it is usually spelt as i, but a few words have e.	Strictly speaking, the suffixes are - ion and -ian. Clues about whether to put t, s, ss or c before these suffixes often come from the last letter or letters of the root word. -tion is the most common spelling. It is used if the root word ends in t or te. -ssion is used if the root word ends in so r-mit.	Strictly speaking, the suffixes are - ion and -ian. Clues about whether to put t, s, ss or c before these suffixes often come from the last letter or letters of the root word. -sion is used if the root word ends in d or se. Exceptions: attend - attention, intend - intention. -cian is used if the root word ends in c or cs.	
Round 4: Homophones	mail/male	knot/not	heel/heal/he'll	here/hear	groan/grown	

2023-24 Year 4 Spelling List - Term 3

Practise Look/Say/Cover/Write/Check and using words in context