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| **Testing period: week commencing** | **Tue 1st November** | **7th November** | **14th November** | **21st November** | **28th November** | **5th December** | **12th December** |
| **Round 1:** **Key Words** | amateurdeveloplightningsecretary | dictionarymarvellousshoulderapparent | mischievoussignatureappreciateembarrass | sincereattachedenvironmentnecessary | recogniseprogrammetwelfthpersuade | This week, we will recap the homophones from the Autumn Term. 16 of these words will be in the test:aisle/islealoud/allowedaffect/effectaltar/alterprofit/prophet ascent/assentbridal/bridlecereal/serialcompliment/complementstationary/stationery | **3 mystery spellings from each of the rules this term** |
| **Round 2: Spelling Rule** | **Suffix: -ant, -ance/-ancy**observanceexpectanthesitancytolerantassistant\* | **Suffix: -ent, -ence/-ency**innocentdecencyfrequentobedience\*independence\* | **Suffix: -able/ -ably**adorablyconsiderablechangeablenoticeablelegible | **Suffix: -able/ -ably**dependablecomfortablyunderstandablereasonablyreliable | **Prefixes: il-, im-, ir-**illiterateimmobileimproperirrationalirreplaceable |
| **Round 3:** **Mystery Spellings**Learn the rule.You will be tested on 5 more words which follow this week’s rule. |  Use **–ant** and **–ance/–ancy** if there is a related word with a short **a** vowel or **ay/a\_e** sound in the right position; –**ation** endings are often a clue. \*this is an exception! |  Use **–ent** and **–ence/–ency** after soft **c,** soft **g** and **qu**, or if there is a related word with a clear short **e** vowel in the right position. \*these are exceptions! | The **– able** ending is used if there is a related word ending in **–ation**. If the **–able** ending is added to a word ending in **–ce** or **–ge**, the **e** after the **c** or **g** must be kept as those letters would otherwise have their ‘hard’ sounds (as in *cap* and *gap*) before the **a** of the **–able** ending.  | The **–able** ending is usually but not always used if a complete root word can be heard before it, even if there is no related word ending in **–ation**. The first five examples opposite are obvious; in *reliable*, the complete word *rely* is heard, but the **y** changes to **i** in accordance with the rule.  | Before a root word starting with **l**, **in–** becomes **il**. Before a root word starting with **m** or **p**, **in–** becomes **im–**. Before a root word starting with **r**, **in–** becomes **ir–**. We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. |
| **Round 4: Homophones** | ascent/assent | bridal/bridle | cereal/serial | compliment/complement | stationary/stationery |