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| **Testing period: week commencing** | **Tuesday 7th June** | **13th June** | **20th June** | **27th June** | **4th July** | **11th July** |
| **Round 1:**  **Key Words** | yacht  conscious  harass  pronunciation  controversy | hindrance  queue  convenience  identity  recognise | correspond  immediately  recommend accompany definite | language  sacrifice  ancient  disastrous  muscle | soldier  average  sincerely  equipped  existence | explanation  persuade  twelfth  community  government |
| **Round 2: Spelling Rule** | **Nouns ending -ce and verbs ending –se**  advice  device  licence  practise  prophesy | **Prefixes: dis- mis-, in-**  disappear  incomplete  disbelieve  mismatch  invisible | **Prefixes: il-, im-, ir-**  illiterate  immobile  improper  irrational  irreplaceable | **Prefixes: re-, sub-, inter-**  rewrite  refill  substitute  subtitle  interview | **Prefixes: super-, anti-, auto-**  supernatural  supernova  antigravity  automating  autonomy | **Words with the /k/ sound spelt ch**  chasm  chaos  chord  ache  monarch |
| **Round 3:**  **Mystery Spellings**  Learn the rule.  You will be tested on 5 more words which follow this week’s rule. | In this week’s pairs of words, nouns end **–ce** and verbs end **–se**. *Advice* and *advise* provide a useful clue as the word *advise* (verb) is pronounced with a /z/ sound – which could not be spelt **c**. | Most prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling  Like **un–**, the prefixes **dis–** and **mis–** have negative meanings.  The prefix **in–** can mean both ‘not’ and ‘in’/‘into’.  We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. | Before a root word starting with **l**, **in–** becomes **il**.  Before a root word starting with **m** or **p**, **in–** becomes **im–**.  Before a root word starting with **r**, **in–** becomes **ir–**.  We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. | Most prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling  **re–** means ‘again’ or ‘back’. **sub–** means ‘under’. **inter–** means ‘between’ or ‘among’.  We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. | Most prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling  **super–** means ‘above’. **anti–** means ‘against’. **auto–** means ‘self’ or ‘own’.  We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. | These words are Greek in origin. How many more can you find?  We are revisiting a Year 4 rule this week. |
| **Round 4: Homophones** | principal/principle | profit/prophet | stationary/  stationery | steal/steel | wary/weary | whose/whose |